

erwin Data Modeler Metamodel Overview

Release 15.0

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## **Diagrams**

This section includes diagrams that illustrate some of the key portions of the metamodel. These diagrams are provided as a visual counterpart to the textual descriptions of the metadata.

The diagrams are presented in pairs, one using UML notation and the other using IDEF1X notation. The UML notation presents a raw view of the metamodel; the IDEF1X notation presents the view exposed using the ODBC interface.

Some of the diagrams include abstract object types. Abstract object types are colored light blue in the diagrams. Although the definitions of these object types exist in the metamodel (termed 'M1'), no instances of them exist within any data model (termed 'M0'). Because no instances exist in any data model, abstract object types are unavailable for M0 queries using the ODBC interface.

Some of the IDEF1X diagrams show vector properties (properties with more than one value). Vector properties are shown as tables colored orange. For more information about the transformations between the raw metamodel view and the ODBC metamodel view, see the erwin Data Modeler ODBC Reporting Guide.

This section contains the following topics

**Entity and View Diagram** 

Model and Subject Area Diagram

Entity, Attribute, and Key Group Diagram

Entity, Attribute, Key\_Group, and Relationship Diagram

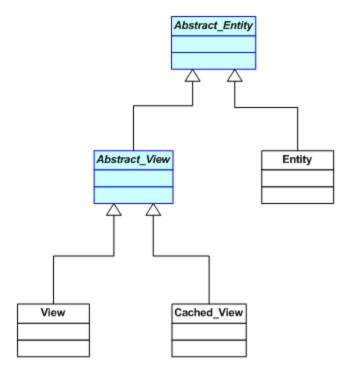
Attribute, Domain, Default, and Validation Rule Diagram

## **Entity and View Diagram**

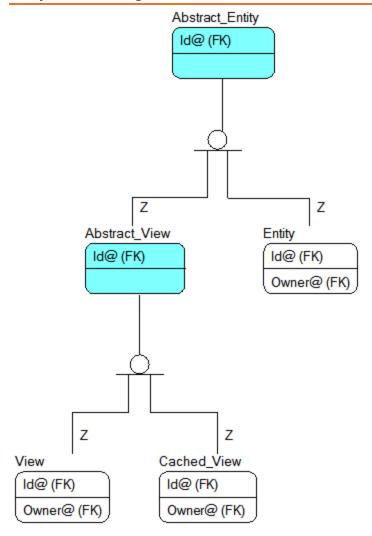
This diagram shows the object type structure for Entities, Views, and Cached Views. This diagram makes the following assertions:

- Entity is a type of Abstract\_Entity
- Abstract View is a type of Abstract Entity
- Cached\_View is a type of Abstract\_Entity
- View is a type of Abstract Entity

Entity and View Diagram--UML Notation:



Entity and View Diagram--IDEF1X Notation:



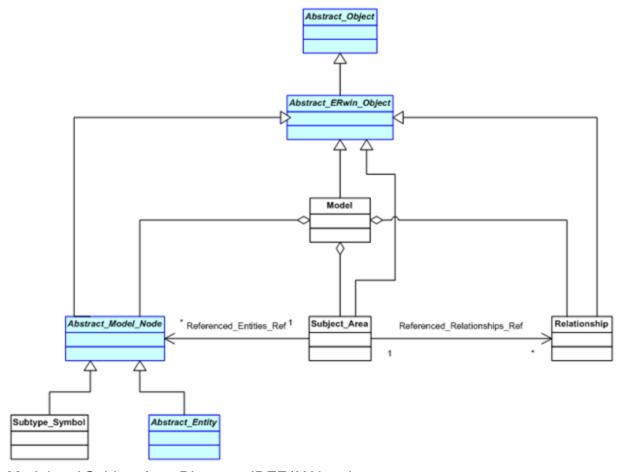
### Model and Subject Area Diagram

This diagram shows the storage of Subject Area membership information and makes the following assertions:

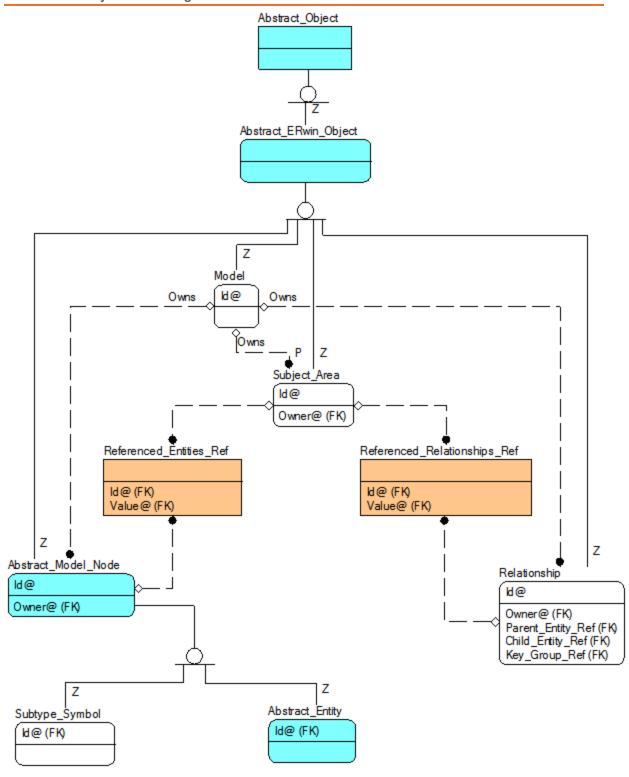
- Abstract ERwin Object is a type of Abstract Object
- The object types Abstract\_Model Node, Model, Subject Area, and Relationship are all types of Abstract Objects
- The object types Subtype Symbol and Abstract Entity are both types of Abstract Model Nodes
- Abstract Model Nodes are owned by Model
- Relationships are owned by Model
- Subject\_Areas are owned by Model
- Subject Areas hold their collection of member Abstract Model Nodes in Referenced Entities Ref. When viewed using SCAPI, this is held as a vector reference property on the Subject Area. When viewed using ODBC, the associative table Referenced Entities Ref stores this membership information.
- Subject Areas hold their collection of member Relationships in Referenced Relationships Ref. When viewed using SCAPI this is held as a vector reference property on the Subject Area. When viewed using ODBC, the associative table Referenced Relationships Ref stores the membership information.

This data is maintained by erwin Data Modeler based on the data in Referenced\_Entities Ref. Do not attempt to directly change this data.

Model and Subject Area Diagram--UML Notation:



Model and Subject Area Diagram--IDEF1X Notation:

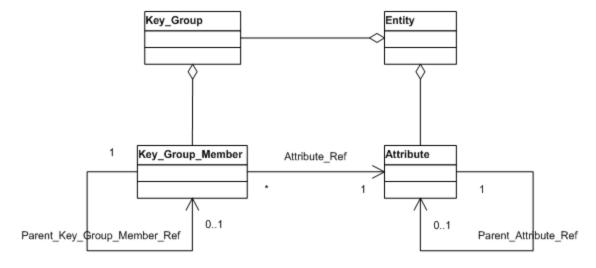


## Entity, Attribute, and Key\_Group Diagram

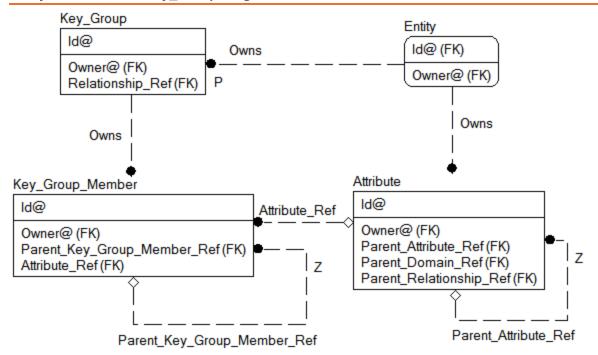
This diagram shows the structure of Entities and Attributes and their associated Key Groups and Key\_Group\_Members. This diagram makes the following assertions:

- Attributes are owned by Entities
- Key Groups are owned by Entities
- Key Group Members are owned by Key Groups
- Key Group Members are linked to their associated Attribute using the Attribute Ref property
- Key Group Members are linked to their parent Key Group Member using the Parent Key\_Group\_Member\_Ref property
- Attributes are linked to their parent Attribute using the Parent Attribute Ref property

Entity, Attribute, and Key\_Group Diagram--UML Notation:



Entity, Attribute, and Key Group Diagram--IDEF1X Notation:

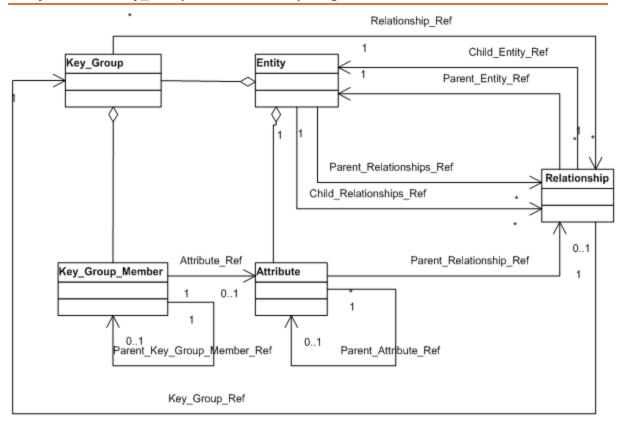


## Entity, Attribute, Key\_Group, and Relationship Diagram

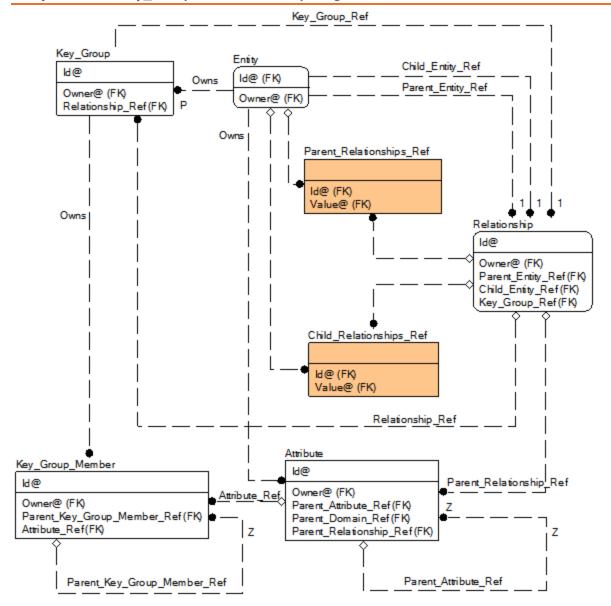
This diagram extends the prior diagram by adding Relationships. The following assertions are added:

- Key Groups reference their associated Relationships using the Key Group Ref property
- Relationships reference their associated Key Group using the Key Group Ref property
- Relationships reference their parent Entity using the Parent Entity Ref property
- Relationships reference their child Entity using the Child Entity Ref property
- The collection of Relationships in which an Entity participates as the parent is stored in the Parent Relationships Ref property. When viewed using SCAPI, this is held as a vector reference property on Entity. When viewed using ODBC, the associative table Parent Relationships Ref stores this information.
- The collection of *Relationships* in which an *Entity* participates as the child is stored in the Child Relationships Ref property. When viewed using SCAPI, this is held as a vector reference property on Entity. When viewed using ODBC, the associative table Child Relationships Ref stores this information.
- Attributes reference their parent Attribute using the Parent Relationship Ref property.

Entity, Attribute, Key Group, and Relationship Diagram--UML Notation:



Entity, Attribute, Key\_Group, and Relationship Diagram--IDEF1X Notation:

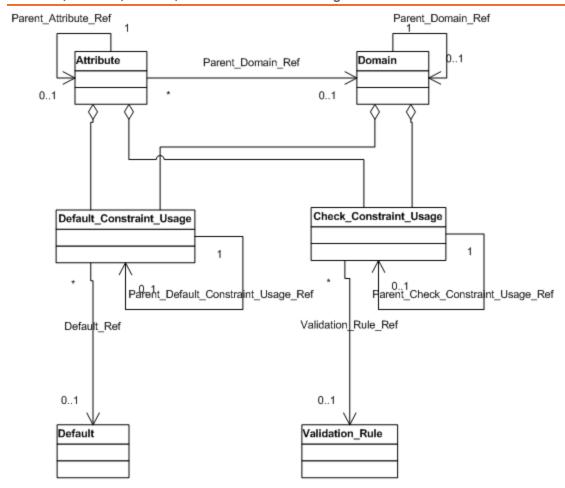


## Attribute, Domain, Default, and Validation Rule Diagram

This diagram shows the links between Attributes, Domains, Defaults, and Validation Rules. This diagram makes the following assertions:

- \* Attributes reference their parent Attribute using the Parent Attribute Ref property
- Attributes reference their parent Domain using the Parent Domain Ref property
- Domains reference their parent Domain using the Parent Domain Ref property
- Default Constraint Usage objects can be owned by Attributes or Domains
- Default Constraint Usage objects reference their parent using the Parent Default Constraint Usage Ref property
- Default\_Constraint\_Usage objects reference their associated Default object using the Default Ref property
- Check\_Constraint\_Usage objects can be owned by Attributes or Domains
- Check Constraint Usage objects reference their parent using the Parent Check Constraint Usage Ref property
- Check Constraint Usage objects reference their associated Validation Rule object using the Validation Rule Ref property

Attribute, Domain, Default, and Validation Rule Diagram--UML Notation:



Attribute, Domain, Default, and Validation Rule Diagram--IDEF1X Notation:

